Write your name here Surname	Other	names
Pearson Edexcel GCE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Psycholo Advanced Subsid Unit 2: Understan	iary	lual
Monday 23 May 2016 – A		Paper Reference 6PS02/01
You do not need any other	materials.	Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Questions labelled with an asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed
 - you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



SECTION A

Answer ALL questions. You are advised to spend approximately 15 minutes on Section A.

In Section A put a cross in each correct box \boxtimes to indicate your answer. If you change your mind, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then put a cross in another box \boxtimes .

For o	questions	1-9 choose	ONE answer	from A	۱, B, C	, or D.
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1	Neg	jativ	e reinforcement is when something
	X	A	desired is given after a behaviour.
	\times	В	undesired is given after a behaviour.
	×	C	desired is removed after a behaviour.
	×	D	undesired is removed after a behaviour.
			(Total for Question 1 = 1 mark)
2	A st	reng	gth of Bandura, Ross and Ross's (1961) study is that
	\times	A	the children were familiar with a Bobo doll.
	×	В	there was a wide range of ages in the sample.
	X	C	only agreed behaviours were included in the results.
	×	D	informed consent was obtained from the participants.
			(Total for Question 2 = 1 mark)
3			ng to the Biological Approach, brain lateralisation is a factor in gender oment.
	It ha	as be	een found that on average
	×	A	boys use the right side of their brain more than girls for spatial tasks.
	X	В	boys use the left side of their brain more than girls for spatial tasks.

girls use the right side of their brain more than boys for spatial tasks.

D girls use the left side of their brain more than boys for spatial tasks.

(Total for Question 3 = 1 mark)

X

X

			g to the Biological Approach, male gender is determined due to
		_	g a/an
	×		X chromosome from the father.
	X	В	Y chromosome from the father.
	X	C	X chromosome from the mother.
	X	D	Y chromosome from the mother.
			(Total for Question 4 = 1 mark)
,			years old. His friends describe him as being self-centred and very ambitious. has problems committing to a relationship.
	Acco	rdin	g to Freud, these behaviours show that Max is fixated in the
	X	A	oral stage.
	X	В	anal stage.
	×	c	phallic stage.
	×	D	latent stage.
			(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	One	criti	cism of Freud's theory of psychosexual development is that it is
	X	Α	objective.
	X	В	subjective.
	X	C	valid.
	X	D	reliable.
			(Total for Question 6 = 1 mark)
7	A ne	gati	ve correlation is when
	×	A	one variable increases and so does the other variable.
	×	В	one variable decreases and so does the other variable.
	X	c	one variable increases and the other variable decreases.
	×	D	one variable decreases and the other variable stays the same.
			(Total for Question 7 = 1 mark)



8 Simrut carried out a study and got the following scores:

5, 3, 9, 3, 7, 4, 8, 3, 4

Simrut's median score is

- \mathbf{X} \mathbf{A} :
- **■ B**
- D 7

(Total for Question 8 = 1 mark)

9 Regis is a registered psychologist who carried out an experiment. In order to avoid demand characteristics, he did not tell his participants what the experiment was actually about until his debrief.

Regis had an issue with

- A informed consent.
- **B** the right to withdraw.
- **C** confidentiality.
- **D** competence.

(Total for Question 9 = 1 mark)

For question 10 choose TWO answers from A, B, C, and D.

10 Regis carried out a chi-squared (\mathcal{X}^2) statistical test on his data.

Two reasons why he carried out a chi-squared test are that it

- A uses nominal data.
- **B** uses ordinal data.
- C uses an independent measures design.
- **D** uses a repeated measures design.

(Total for Question 10 = 2 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 11 MARKS

BLANK PAGE SECTION B BEGINS ON THE NEXT PAGE.



SECTION B

Answer ALL questions. You are advised to spend approximately 45 minutes on Section B.

11 Tracy works for the local council. The council is thinking about reducing the number

of people it employs to pick up litter from the street. Tracy has been asked to carry out a study to see if having the streets cleaned at less regular intervals will affect the amount of litter the public will drop. She studies a street to compare how much litter is dropped at two different times, once when it has just been cleaned and once after it has not been cleaned for a month. (a) Write a fully operationalised non-directional (two-tailed) hypothesis for Tracy's study. (2)(b) The local council said that Tracy's study was not representative of the whole town. Outline one way in which Tracy could make her study more representative of the whole town's population. (2)

(Total for Question 11 = 4 marks)

his father.		of horses was rea	-	(3)
				(3)

(b) Evaluate Freud's (1909) study of Little Hans in	terms of validity. (4)
	(Total for Question 12 = 7 marks)

a) Outline the results of your observational practical from the Learning Approach.	(3)
o) (i) State one issue with the reliability of your observational practical from the Learning Approach.	
	(1)
(ii) Outline how you could deal with the issue stated in 13(b)(i) to improve the	
reliability of your observational practical from the Learning Approach.	(2)
(Total for Question 13 = 6 m	arks)



14 In the Learning Approach you will have studied Social Learning Theory. Social Learning Theory can be used to explain many different kinds of behaviour.

Use terms from Social Learning Theory to fill in the blanks in the paragraph below.

You **must not** use the same term more than once.

ı	Faye observes her mother mending the car and imitates her mother's behaviour. This
	is because her mother is a
	A characteristic of Faye's mother that means she is more likely to be imitated by her
	daughter is that she is
	Faye sees her father reward her mother for fixing the car as he takes her out to dinner.
	This is an example of
	When Faye helps to fix the car she is given praise, which increases her
	so she is more likely to repeat the
	behaviour.

(Total for Question 14 = 4 marks)

10

15 You will have studied a key issue in the Biological Approach.(a) Describe the key issue you studied in the Biological Approach.	(3)

(b) Explain the key issue using psychological terms, concepts, theories and/or research from the Biological Approach.		
	(5)	

(Total for Question 15 – 9 marks)
(Total for Question 15 = 8 marks)



In the Biological Approach you will have learned about Money's (1975) study.	
(a) Describe the procedure of Money's original (1975) study.	
	(4)

(b)	Evaluate Money's original (1975) study.	(8)



(Total for Question 16 = 12 marks)
(Iotal for Question 10 – 12 marks)
(TOTAL EOD SECTION R - 41 MARKS)



BLANK PAGE SECTION C BEGINS ON THE NEXT PAGE.



SECTION C

Answer ALL questions. You are advised to spend approximately 40 minutes on Section C.

17 The pictures below show dogs being trained on a dog agility course.



(Source: http://imgkid.com/dog-agility-field.shtml)

Evalain how Olivor sould train Calles to assess the	o on an agility source using singuist
Explain how Oliver could train Spike to compet conditioning.	e on an agility course using operant
.onationing.	



(7)

18 (a) Seif is an educational psychologist who is interested in researching whether students perform better if they have one examination at the end of a two-year course or if students perform better if they have several examinations throughout the two years of the course.

Seif has decided to carry out a longitudinal study to compare the two approaches to student examinations.

Describe how Seif may carry out his longitudinal study.

You may wish to include some of the following:

- Method
- Variables
- Apparatus
- Sampling
- Ethics.



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(b) Evaluate the longitudinal research	h method, as it is used in psychology.	(4)
	(Total for for Question 1	8 = 11 marks)

*19	9 Describe and evaluate the biological explanation of gender.	
	In your evaluation, you must include at least one comparison with another explanation of gender.	
	explanation of gender.	(12)
•••••		





(Total for Operation 10 - 12 marks)
(Total for Question 19 = 12 marks)
TOTAL SECTION C - 20 MARKS
TOTAL SECTION C = 28 MARKS



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